

The Transition: Differences between High School and College Disability Services

Applicable Laws & Legal Differences

High School	Bronx Community College
I.D.E.A, Section 504 & Rehabilitation Act	A.D.A. A. A., Section 504, Section 508 & Rehabilitation Act
Planning meetings involve a school team and parents/family members of the student.	Students are considered adults; therefore, parents are not a part of the planning process.
Accommodations are provided to ensure the success of the student.	Accommodations are provided to ensure equal access.
School districts are responsible for identifying and evaluating disabilities at no cost to the student family	Success is the responsibility of the student. he student must self-identify and provide appropriate and current documentation. The College is not responsible for providing evaluations.

Required Documentation

High School	Bronx Community College
I.E.P	High School I.E.P and/or 504. Letter from Medical Provider. Verification of Disability form for Medical Providers. **

Self-Advocacy and Student Role

High School	Bronx Community College
Disabilities are identified by the school	Student self identifies to the office of students with Disabilities.
School sets up Accommodations	Students are responsible for requesting their all of their own accommodations.

Parent Role and Rights

High School	Bronx Community College
Access to student records	No access to student records without student's written consent or completed FERPA Form. **
Participation Accommodations	Students are responsible for requesting their all of their own accommodations.
Mandatory Involvement	Student becomes self-advocate.

Student Conduct

High School	Bronx Community College
Disruptive Conduct may be acceptable.	Students who are disruptive and unable to abide by the institution's code of conduct are deemed 'not qualified' and can be dismissed.

Student Responsibilities

High School	Bronx Community College
Transportation provided.	Transportation and mobility on campus are the responsibility of the student.
Often paraprofessionals are provided if a student needs personal care or behavioral assistance.	The college is not responsible for providing personal care or behavioral management assistance.

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) 20 U.S.C. 1232 g(d) states that parents of children who attend or have attended a school or facility that receives funding have rights under FERPA. When a student turns 18 years old or enters a postsecondary institution at any age, all rights afforded to parents under FERPA transfer to the student (“eligible student”). However, FERPA provides ways in which a school may – but is not required to – share information from an eligible student’s education records with parents, without the student’s consent.

**** FERPA Form is available at the Disabilities Services office and must be completed and submitted by the student.**

**** The Verification of Disability form for Medical Providers is available at the Disabilities Services office Room 211 and must be completed by your medical provider and submitted by the student.**